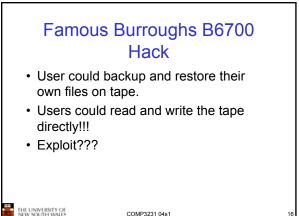


- executable. Only the safe compiler could generate code
- files. E UNIVERSITY OF



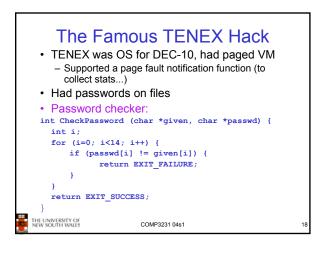


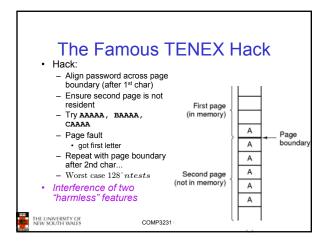


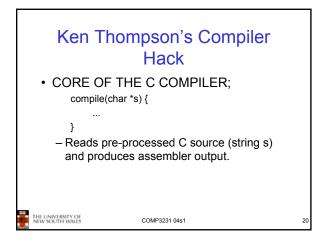
- · Generate an assembly program to take over the machine
- · Back it up
- · Change the program type on tape to code file by overwriting the type field on the tape appropriately
- Restore the file.
- Designer laziness

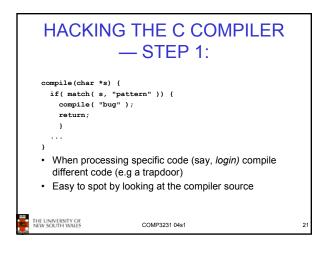
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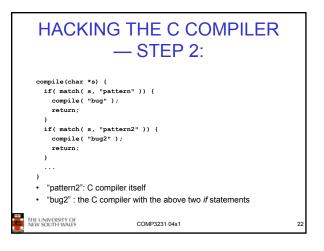
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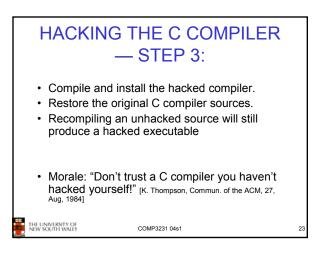


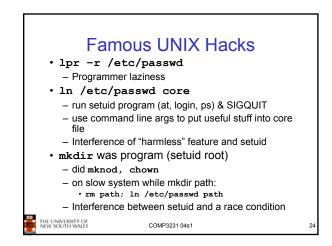


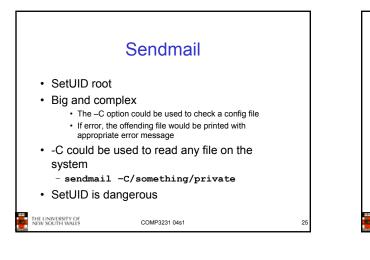


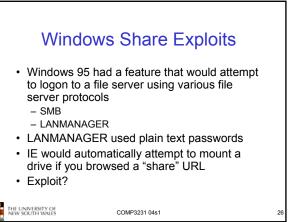




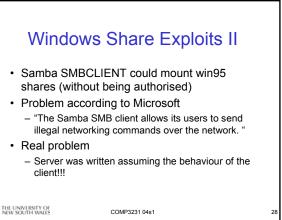


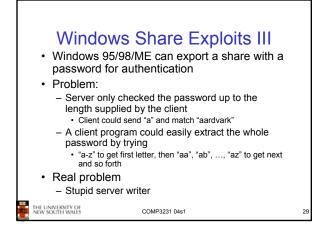




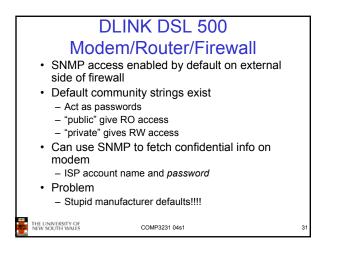


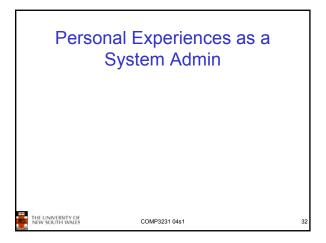


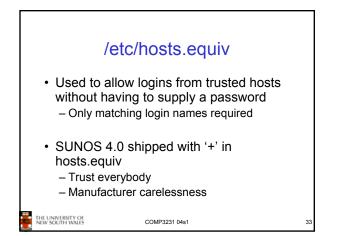


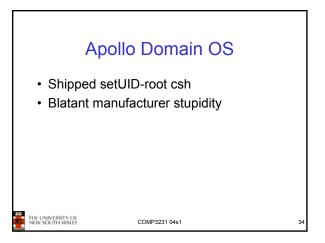


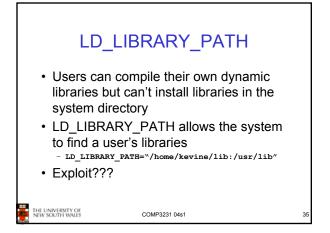


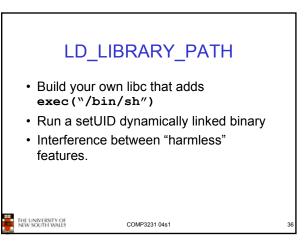


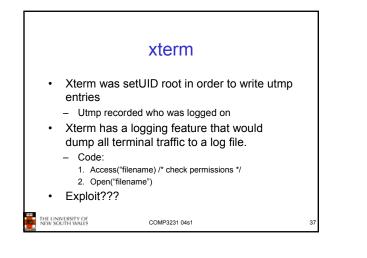


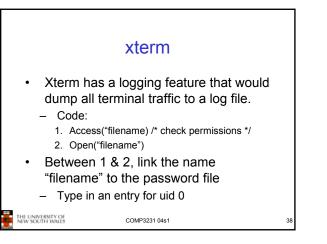


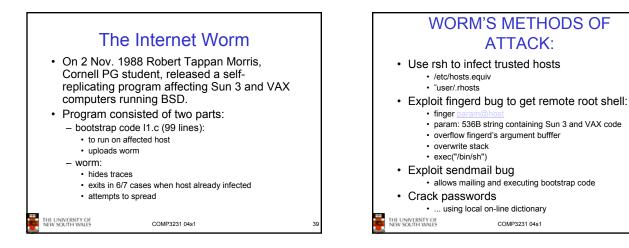


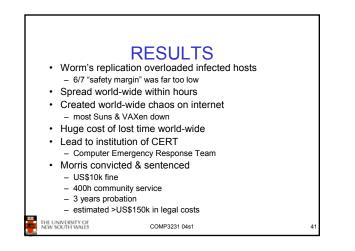






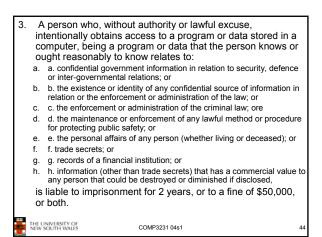








NSW Crimes Act
SECTIONS DEALING WITH COMPUTER CRIME
309. Unlawful access to a computer
 A person who, without authority or lawful excuse, intentionally obtains access to a program or data stored in a computer is liable, on conviction before two justices, to imprisonment for 6 months, or to a fine of \$5,000, or both.
2. A person who, with intent:
1. to defraud any person; or
to obtain for himself or herself or another person any financial advantage of any kind; or
to cause loss or injury to any person
obtains access to a program or data stored in a computer is liable to imprisonment for 2 years, or to a fine of \$50,000, or both.
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4. A person who:

- a. without authority or lawful excuse, has intentionally obtained access to a program or data stored in a computer; and
- after examining part of that program or data, knows or ought reasonably to know that the part of the program or data examined relates wholly or partly to any of the matters referred to in subsection (3); and
- c. continues to examine that program or data,
- is liable to imprisonment for 2 years, or to a fine of \$50,000, or both.

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