COMP 2011/2711 Data Organisation 2006 Session 1

Lecturer: Norman Foo

Head Tutor: Loc Huynh; others

to be nominated

Prerequisites for 2011

- COMP1011 Computing 1A
 - Haskell
 - structured problem decomposition
 - abstract data types
- ◆ COMP1021 Computing 1B
 - procedural programming with C
 - control flow (if, for, while, switch)

Resources

- Textbook
 - Data Structures and Algorithms in Java (4th Ed.) by Goodrich & Tamassia
- www.cse.unsw.edu.au/~cs2011
 - lecture slides, announcements
 - links to Java API
 - assignments, tutorial exercises
- Other Reference Books
 - Java Programming Language (3rd Ed.)
 - Core Java 2
 - Java in a Nutshell

Syllabus

- Java & Object-Oriented Programming
- Analysis of Algorithms
- Stacks, Queues, Trees
- Heaps, Hash Tables, Search Trees
- Sorting Algorithms
- Text Processing
- Graphs

Assessment

- ◆3 Assignments (30%)
- **◆Exam (70%)**
- must be entirely your own work
 - Can discuss ideas, but DON'T copy code
 - DON'T let anyone see your code
 - we use plagiarism detection programs, which work very well
 - first detection: negative mark for assignment
 - second detection: failure of course
 - third detection: possible expulsion from Uni

What TO DO in general

- keep up with lectures and tutorials
 - read textbook and lecture slides
 - attempt tutorial questions before the tutorial
- read Java programming guides and tutorials
 - books or online
- practice Java programming
 - labs (tues 2-3, thurs 2-4)
 - use tutorial exercises for practice
 - assignments alone are not enough

What TO DO this week

- buy the textbook, and read chapter 1
- register with sirius (in CSE labs)
- install Java 2 SDK on own PC (JDK1.4 or 1.3)
 - may need to set PATH and CLASSPATH
- Java 2 online tutorial
 - Your first cup of Java
 - Getting Started
 - Learning the Java Language
- Week 2 tutorial questions

For Help

- Java installation at home
 - JDK home computing CD from CompSoc, or online
 - CSE helpdesk
 - Java online docs
- Java programming
 - labs
 - consultations
 - your tutor
 - friends

- Tutorials/Assignments
 - Check FAQ on 2011 website
 - 2011 consultants
 - email alias
 - then your tutor
 - then the lecturer
- Admin problems
 - email: cs2011@cse.unsw.edu.au
 - always use your CSE mail account, or include your student ID
 - last resort, contact the lecturer-in-charge

Example Program

Copy.java (program for copying a file)

```
$ ls
Copy.java file1
```

- \$ javac Copy.java
- \$ java Copy file1 file2
- \$ 1s

Copy.class Copy.java file1 file2

\$ diff file1 file2

\$

copy.c

Copy.java

```
import java.io.*;
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX LINE 256
                                        public class Copy
void copy( char *source, char *dest );
                                          public static void main( String[] args )
int main(int argc, char *argv)
  if( argc != 3 ) {
                                             if( args.length != 2 ) {
                                                System.out.println(
     printf(
                                           "Usage: java Copy <source> <dest>");
  "Usage: copy <source> <dest>\n");
                                             else {
  else {
                                                copy( args[0], args[1] );
      copy( argv[1], argv[2] );
  return 0;
     S1 2006
                                   2011 Overview
                                                                           10
```

copy.c

public static void copy(String source, String dest) { void copy(char *source, char *dest) { BufferedReader fileIn; FILE *fileIn; **PrintWriter** fileOut: FILE *fileOut; char oneLine[MAXLINE]; try { fileIn = new BufferedReader(fileIn = fopen(source, "r"); new FileReader(source)); if(FileIn == NULL) { fileOut = new PrintWriter(printf("Error: file not found\n"); new FileWriter(dest)); exit(1); String oneLine; fileOut = fopen(source, "w"); while(oneLine = fileIn.readLine()) != null) { if(fileOut == NULL) { fileOut.println(oneLine); printf("Error: file not found\n"); exit(1); fileIn.close(); fileOut.close(); while(fgets(oneLine,MAXLINE,fileIn) catch(IOException e) { System.out.println("Error:" + e); != **NULL**) { fputs(oneLine, fileOut); System.exit(1); fclose(fileIn); fclose(fileOut); 11

Copy.java

Next Time

- ♦ Why Java?
- Object Oriented Design
- Classes, Types, Objects
- Methods
- Expressions
- Control Flow
- Arrays
- Input / Output
- Packages