

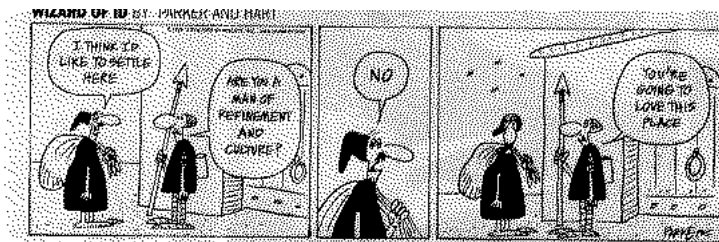
Belief Change via Preference

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Belief Change via Preference



Overview

Epistemic Entrenchment

Belief change via entrenchment

Systems of Spheres

Belief change via systems of spheres

Alternative forms of belief contraction

Summary

Epistemic Entrenchment

Ordering over formulae in \mathcal{L}

Certain beliefs about world are more important than others when planning future actions, etc.

$\phi \leq \psi$: ψ is at least as *epistemically entrenched* as ϕ

In contraction, sentences in K with lower entrenchment given up

Tautologies maximally entrenched, non-beliefs minimally ent.

But what does an epistemic entrenchment relation look like?

Epistemic Entrenchment

- (EE1) If $\phi \leq \psi$ and $\psi \leq \gamma$ then $\phi \leq \gamma$ (transitivity)
- (EE2) If $\{\phi\} \vdash \psi$ then $\phi \leq \psi$ (dominance)
- (EE3) For any ϕ and ψ , $\phi \leq \phi \wedge \psi$ or $\psi \leq \phi \wedge \psi$ (conjunctiveness)
- (EE4) When $K \neq K_{\perp}$, $\phi \in K$ iff $\phi \leq \psi$ for all ψ (minimality)
- (EE5) If $\phi \leq \psi$ for all ϕ then $\vdash \psi$ (maximality)

Further Properties

1. $\phi \leq \psi$ or $\psi \leq \phi$ (connectedness)
 2. If $\psi \wedge \chi \leq \phi$, then $\phi \leq \psi$ or $\phi \leq \chi$
 3. $\phi < \psi$ iff $\phi \wedge \psi < \psi$
 4. If $\chi \leq \phi$ and $\chi \leq \psi$, then $\chi \leq \phi \wedge \psi$
 5. If $\phi \leq \psi$, then $\phi \leq \phi \wedge \psi$
 6. $\phi \wedge \psi = \min(\phi, \psi)$
 7. $\phi \vee \psi \geq \max(\phi, \psi)$
- (NB: $\phi < \psi \equiv \psi \not\leq \phi$)

Belief Change via Entrenchment

(Gärdenfors and Makinson 1988)

$(C \leq) \phi \leq \psi$ iff $\phi \notin K \dot{-} (\phi \wedge \psi)$ or $\vdash \phi \wedge \psi$

$(C \dot{-}) \psi \in K \dot{-} \phi$ iff $\psi \in K$ and either $\phi < \phi \vee \psi$ or $\vdash \phi$

$(C*) \psi \in K * \phi$ iff either $\neg\phi \leq \neg\phi \vee \psi$ or $\vdash \neg\phi$

Theorem: If an ordering \leq satisfies (EE1) – (EE5), then the contraction function which is uniquely determined by $(C \dot{-})$ satisfies (K $\dot{-}$ 1) – (K $\dot{-}$ 8) as well as condition $(C \leq)$.

Theorem: If a contraction function $\dot{-}$ satisfies (K $\dot{-}$ 1) – (K $\dot{-}$ 8), then the ordering that is uniquely determined by $(C \leq)$ satisfies (EE1) – (EE8) as well as condition $(C \dot{-})$.

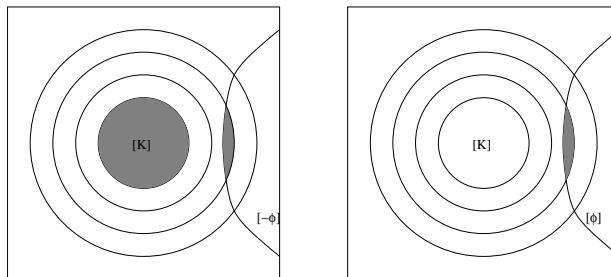
Grove's Spheres

Ordering over “worlds” (maximally consistent sets)

Motivated by Lewis' sphere semantics for counterfactuals

$[K]$ set of worlds consistent with K

System of spheres centred on $[K]$



Systems of Spheres

Definition: Let \mathcal{S} be any collection of subsets of $\mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{L}}$. We call \mathcal{S} a system of spheres, centred on $X \subseteq \mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{L}}$, if it satisfies the following conditions:

- (S1) \mathcal{S} is totally ordered by \subseteq ; that is, if $U, V \in \mathcal{S}$, then $U \subseteq V$ or $V \subseteq U$
- (S2) X is the \subseteq -minimum of \mathcal{S}
- (S3) $\mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{L}}$ is the \subseteq -maximum of \mathcal{S}
- (S4) If $\phi \in \mathcal{L}$ and $\not\vdash \neg\phi$, then there is a smallest sphere in \mathcal{S} intersecting $[\phi]$ (i.e., there is a sphere $U \in \mathcal{S}$ such that $U \cap [\phi] \neq \emptyset$, and $V \cap [\phi] \neq \emptyset$ implies $U \subseteq V$ for all $V \in \mathcal{S}$)

Belief Change via SOSs

$c_{\mathcal{S}}(\phi)$ — the smallest sphere intersecting $[\phi]$

$f_{\mathcal{S}}(\phi) = c_{\mathcal{S}}(\phi) \cap [\phi]$ — innermost ϕ -worlds

Theorem: Let \mathcal{S} be any system of spheres in $\mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{L}}$ centred on $[K]$ for some theory $K \in \mathcal{K}$. If one defines, for any $\phi \in \mathcal{L}$, $K * \phi$ to be $th(f_{\mathcal{S}}(\phi))$, then the axioms (K*1) – (K*8) are satisfied.

Theorem: Let $* : \mathcal{K} \times \mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{K}$ be any function satisfying axioms (K*1) – (K*8). Then for any (fixed) theory K there is a system of spheres on $\mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{L}}$, \mathcal{S} say, centred on $[K]$ and satisfying $K * \phi = th(f_{\mathcal{S}}(\phi))$ for all $\phi \in \mathcal{L}$.

Properties of th (Grove 1988)

$th : 2^{\mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{L}}} \rightarrow \mathcal{K}$

- (i) $th([K]) = K$ for all belief sets (i.e., theories) K if the underlying logic is compact
- (ii) $th(X) \neq K_{\perp}$ if and only if X is nonempty
- (iii) For any sentence $\phi \in \mathcal{L}$ and $X \subseteq \mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{L}}$,
 $th(X \cap [\phi]) = Cn(th(X) \cup \{\phi\})$
- (iv) For $X, X' \subseteq \mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{L}}$, if $X \subseteq X'$, then $th(X') \subseteq th(X)$
- (v) For $K, K' \in \mathcal{K}$, if $K \subseteq K'$, then $[K'] \subseteq [K]$

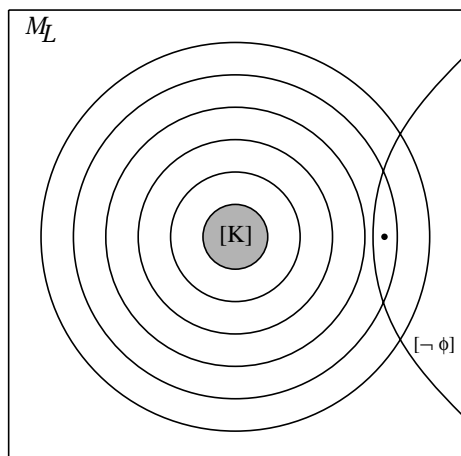
SOS \Leftrightarrow EE

(Gärdenfors 1988)

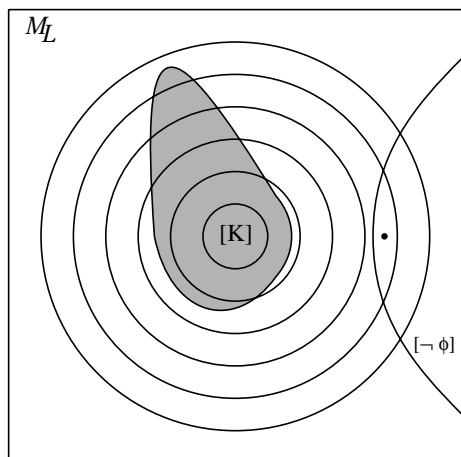
Can translate back and forth from a Systems of Spheres \mathcal{S} and an epistemic entrenchment relation \leq using the following condition:

$\phi \leq \psi$ iff $c_{\mathcal{S}}(\neg\phi) \subseteq c_{\mathcal{S}}(\neg\psi)$

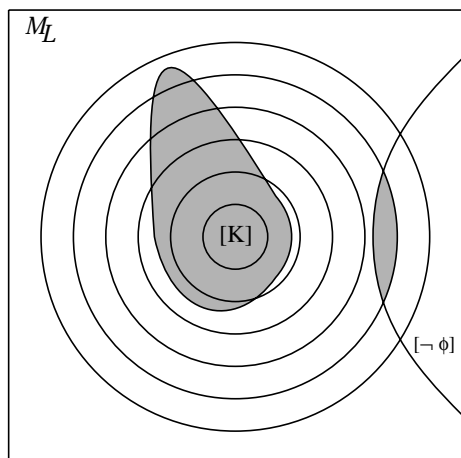
Maxichoice Contraction



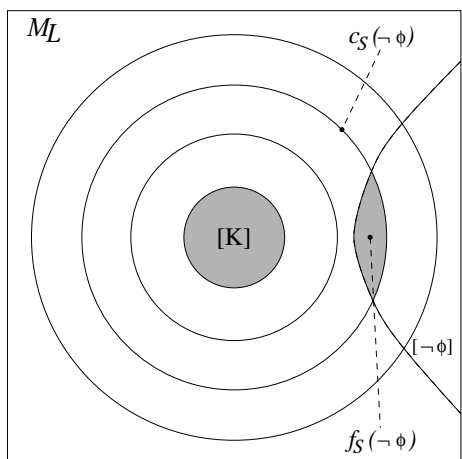
Saturatable set



Partial Meet of Saturatable Sets

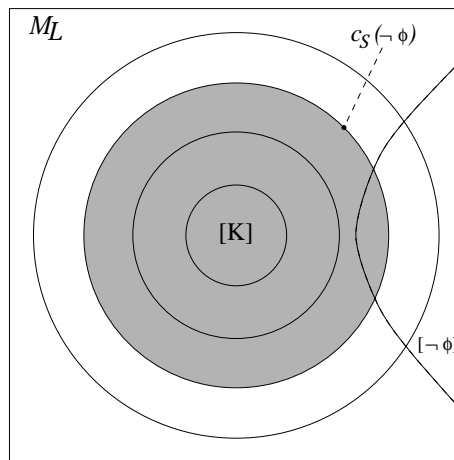


AGM Partial Meet Contraction

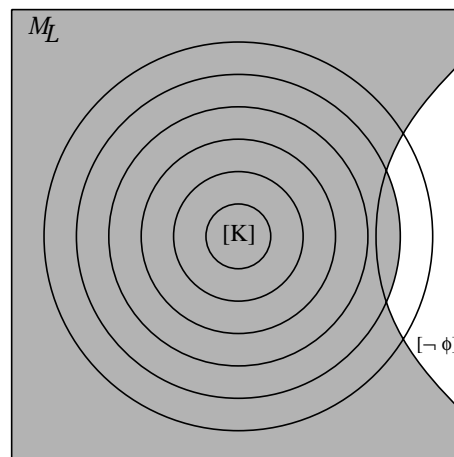


Severe Withdrawal (Rott & Pagnucco 1996)

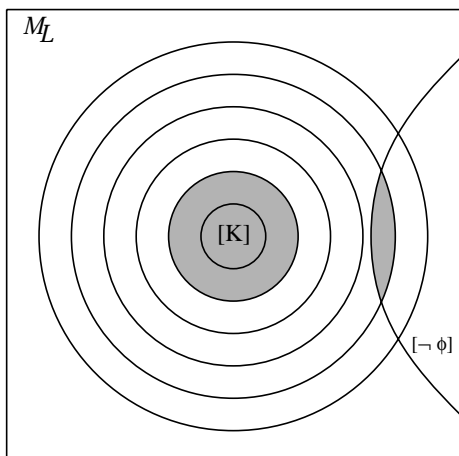
Also Levi 1996



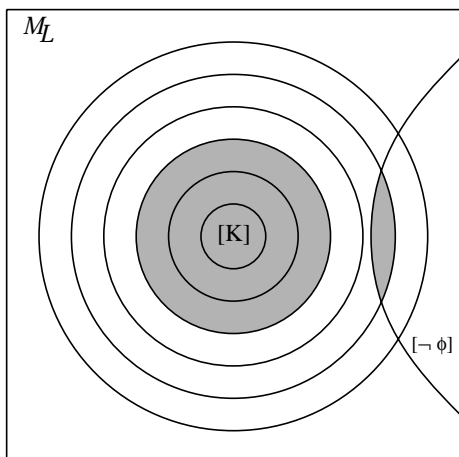
“Iron-fisted” withdrawal



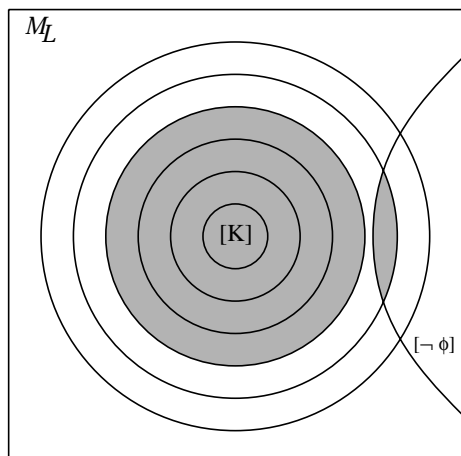
Levi Contraction - Damped Inf. Value 1



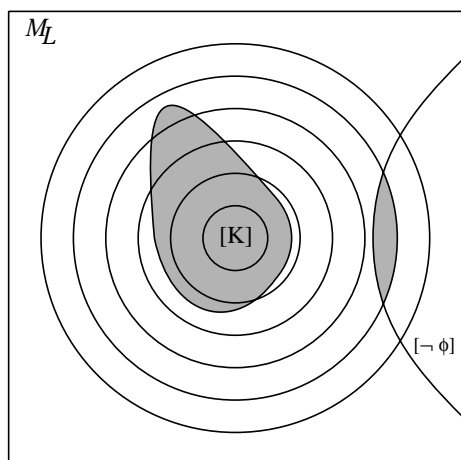
Cantwell "fallback-based"



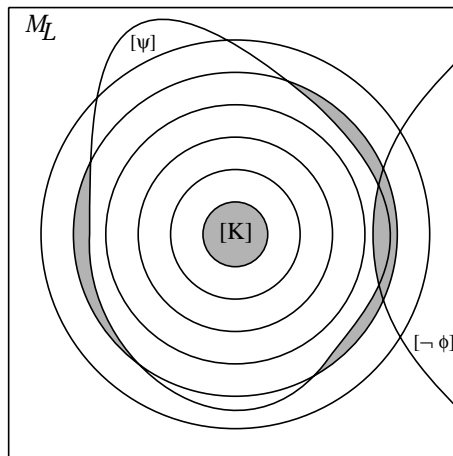
Meyer *et al.* systematic withdrawal 1997



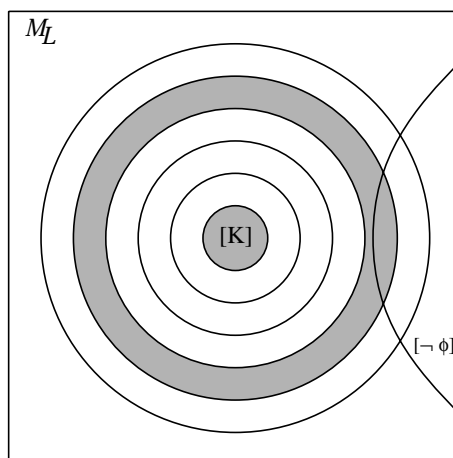
Lindström and Rabinowicz (Interpolation) 1991



Fermé and Rodriguez semi-contraction 1997



Nayak (Personal Communication)



	$[K \dot{-} \phi]$... within $[\neg\phi]$... within $[\phi]$
1.	AGM (trans. rel.) partial meet	$[\neg\phi] \cap S_\phi$	$[K]$
2.	Severe withdrawal	$[\neg\phi] \cap S_\phi$	$[\phi] \cap S_\phi$
3.	AGM maxichoice	single $\neg\phi$ -world	$[K]$
4.	Saturatable set)	single $\neg\phi$ -world	some X s.th. $[K] \subseteq X \subseteq [\phi]$
5.	Partial meet of saturatable sets	$[\neg\phi] \cap S_\phi$	some X s.th. $[K] \subseteq X \subseteq [\phi]$
6.	Iron-fisted withdrawal	$[\neg\phi] \cap S_\phi$	$[\phi]$
7.	Levi - damped type 1	$[\neg\phi] \cap S_\phi$	$[\phi] \cap S_2$
8.	Cantwell fallback-based	$[\neg\phi] \cap S_\phi$	$[\phi] \cap S_i$ for some $i \in \{1, \dots, n\}$
9.	Systematic withdrawal	$[\neg\phi] \cap S_\phi$	$[\phi] \cap S_{\phi-1}$
10.	Lindström and Rabinowicz	$[\neg\phi] \cap S_\phi$	some X s.th. $[K] \subseteq X \subseteq [\phi] \cap S_\phi$
11.	Semi-contraction	$[\neg\phi] \cap S_\phi$	some X s.th. $[K] \subseteq X \subseteq [\phi] \cap S_\phi$
12.	Nayak [p.c.]	$[\neg\phi] \cap S_\phi$	$[\phi] \cap (S_\phi - S_{\phi-1})$

Summary

Construction in terms of ordering over formulae

Construction in terms of ordering over worlds

Other serious possibilities for belief removal operations