Disk I/O Management Chapter 5

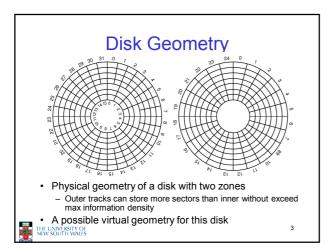
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Disk Management

- Management and ordering of disk access requests is important:
 - Huge speed gap between memory and disk
 - Disk throughput is extremely sensitive to
 - Request order ⇒ Disk Scheduling
 - Placement of data on the disk ⇒ file system design
 - Disk scheduler must be aware of disk geometry



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Evolution of Disk Hardware

Parameter	IBM 360-KB floppy disk	WD 18300 hard disk
Number of cylinders	40	10601
Tracks per cylinder	2	12
Sectors per track	9	281 (avg)
Sectors per disk	720	35742000
Bytes per sector	512	512
Disk capacity	360 KB	18.3 GB
Seek time (adjacent cylinders)	6 msec	0.8 msec
Seek time (average case)	77 msec	6.9 msec
Rotation time	200 msec	8.33 msec
Motor stop/start time	250 msec	20 sec
Time to transfer 1 sector	22 msec	17 μsec

Disk parameters for the original IBM PC floppy disk and a Western Digital WD 18300 hard disk

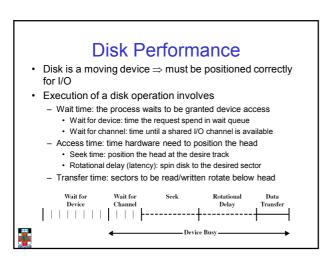


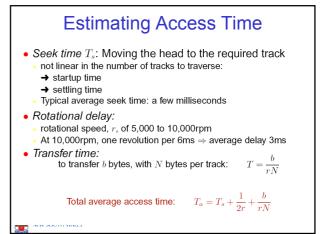
Things to Note

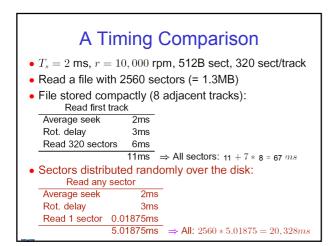
- Average seek time is approx 12 times better
- · Rotation time is 24 times faster
- Transfer time is 1300 times faster
 - Most of this gain is due to increase in density
- Represents a gradual engineering improvement

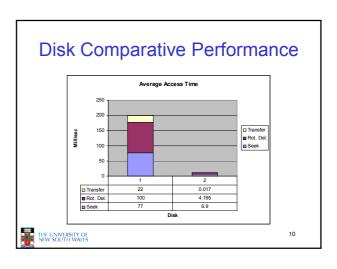


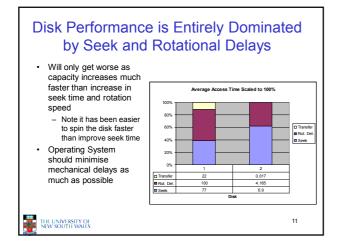
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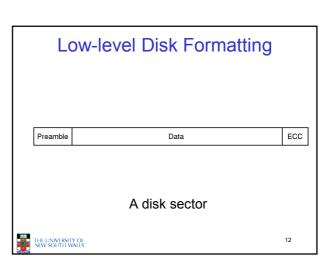


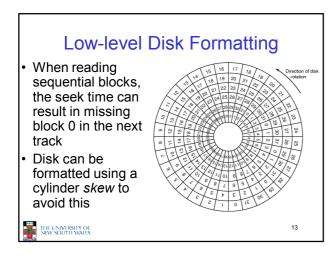


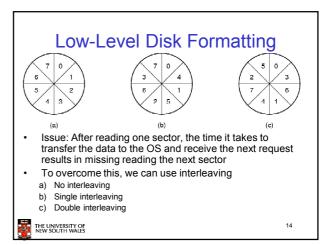












Low-Level Disk Formatting

· Modern drives can overcome interleaving type issues by simply reading the entire track (or part thereof) into the on-disk controller and caching it.

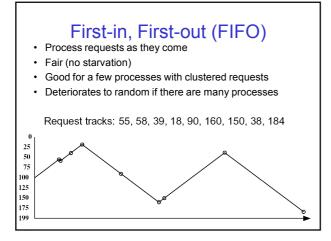


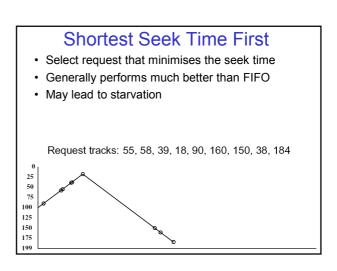
Disk Arm Scheduling Algorithms

- Time required to read or write a disk block determined by 3 factors
 - Seek time
 - Rotational delay
 - Actual transfer time
- Seek time dominates
- For a single disk, there will be a number of I/O requests
 - Processing them in random order leads to worst possible performance

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Elevator Algorithm (SCAN) Move head in one direction Services requests in track order until it reaches the last track, then reverses direction Better than FIFO, usually worse than SSTF Avoids starvation Makes poor use of sequential reads (on down-scan) Less Locality Request tracks: 55, 58, 39, 18, 90, 160, 150, 38, 184

